

**In the Claims**

1. (Previously presented) A coating for an implantable medical device, the coating comprising a first region having a drug incorporated therein and a second region disposed over the first region,

wherein the second region comprises a polymer and a substance having the melting temperature within the range between about 32 °C and 40°C for modifying the rate of release of the drug, the polymer having in a dry state a glass transition temperature within a range of between about 35°C and about 50°C,

wherein the polymer in the dry state contains less than about 1 mass % of water, and

wherein when the body temperature of a patient in which the device is implanted rises to a temperature above the patient's normal body temperature, the morphology of coating changes so as to change the release rate of the drug in the coating.

2. (Original) The coating of Claim 1, wherein the implantable medical device is a stent.

3. (Original) The coating of Claim 1, wherein the drug is an anti-inflammatory drug.

4. (Original) The coating of Claim 1, wherein the polymer comprises acrylic polymers, non-acrylic polymers, or blends thereof.

5. (Canceled)

6. (Original) The coating of Claim 4, wherein the non-acrylic polymers are selected from a group consisting of, poly(2-cyclohexylethylethylene), atactic poly(*iso*-propylethylene), poly(1,1,2-trimethylethylene), poly(4,4 dimethylpentylethylene), poly(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxytrifluoroethylene), poly(4-methoxybenzoylethylene), poly(3,4-dimethoxybenzoylethylene), poly(vinyl fluoride), poly(cyclopentanoyloxyethylene), 60%

syndiotactic poly(formyloxyethylene), poly[4-(*sec*-butoxymethyl) styrene], poly(4-butoxystyrene), and blends thereof.

7. (Canceled).

8. (Previously presented) The coating of Claim 1, wherein the polymer has the melting temperature above about 50 °C.

9. (Previously presented) A coating for an implantable medical device, comprising a polymer, a drug incorporated therein, and a substance having the melting temperature within the range between about 32 °C and 40°C,

wherein when the body temperature of a patient in which the device is implanted rises to a temperature above the patient's normal body temperature, the morphology of the coating changes so as to change the release rate of the drug in the coating.

10. (Original) The coating of Claim 9, wherein the implantable medical device is a stent.

11. (Previously presented) The coating of Claim 9, wherein the polymer has a glass transition temperature of the polymer in a dry state is about 37°C, wherein the polymer in the dry state contains less than about 1 mass % of water.

12. (Original) The coating of Claim 9, wherein the polymer comprises acrylic polymers, non-acrylic polymers, or blends thereof.

13. (Canceled)

14. (Canceled)

15. (Original) The coating of Claim 12, wherein the non-acrylic polymers are selected from a group consisting of, poly(2-cyclohexylethylethylene), atactic poly(*iso*-propylethylene),

poly(1,1,2-trimethylethylene), poly(4,4 dimethylpentylethylene), poly(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxytrifluoroethylene), poly(4-methoxybenzoylethylene), poly(3,4-dimethoxybenzoylethylene), poly(vinyl fluoride), poly(cyclopentanoyloxyethylene), 60% syndiotactic poly(formyloxyethylene), poly[4-(*sec*-butoxymethyl) styrene], poly(4-butoxystyrene), and blends thereof.

16. (Original) The coating of Claim 9, wherein the drug is an anti-inflammatory drug.

17-24. (Canceled)